ESA CCI Mid-term Review

Contribution to Panel "Key challenges in climate research and monitoring"

Veronika Eyring^{1,2}

¹ Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt (DLR), Institut für Physik der Atmosphäre, Oberpfaffenhofen, Germany

² University of Bremen, Institute of Environmental Physics (IUP), Germany

CMIP Perspective

Chair CMIP Panel (2014-July 2020)



The World Climate Research Programme's Coupled Model Intercomparison Project





Evolution of the CCI+ Program to CMIP: Current Activities & Achievements

ESA CCI datasets are crucial for Earth System Model (ESM) development & evaluation. CMIP needs:

- · Consistent and harmonized multi-instrument data
- (Near) global coverage, quality-controlled
- Uncertainty estimates & guidelines for error propagation
- Bring together ECVs from a climate perspective
- Multi-year long-term time series

=> Continuation essential => further research e.g. on consistency of ECVs and refined uncertainty estimates

Easy access to ESA CCI data for the wider climate community and for policy information

- obs4MIPs (technical support from CMUG)
 - Consideration for Model-Observation Comparisons
- Inclusion of the ESA CCI+ datasets in the Earth System Model Evaluation Tool (ESMValTool) as part of CMUG
 - Facilitates routine model evaluation and wide use of CCI data
 - Now well-tested tool providing end-to-end provenance
 - Used in several IPCC WGI AR6 chapters

Jniversität Bremen

=> Continuation essential => further research e.g. processoriented evaluation & new ECVs from all components





ESA's Contribution to Climate Modelling Activities in a Wider Context

- => Targeted Observations to Constrain Climate Projections and Feedbacks
 - Large uncertainties due to clouds and the carbon cycle
 - Policy relevant information

=> New datasets to serve Earth System Model Developments

- Higher resolution (e.g. extreme events / precipitation)
- Complex ESMs (e.g. carbon, CH4 & N cycles, ice sheets, permafrost)

=> New Forcing Datasets for Climate Model Simulations

- E.g. ozone, aerosols, sea ice, sea surface temperatures, land use, biomass
- Provide an avenue through Copernicus to make operational

=> Innovative Retrieval and Analysis Techniques

- Community Diagnostics Tools (e.g., ESMValTool)
 - Handling of Big Data
- Machine Learning (Al4Climate)
 - Improved retrievals (e.g. cloud masks), Gap filling
 - Uncertainty quantification and propagation
 - Earth system data (model & obs) analysis and evaluation
- Foster link between observational and model community
 - Joint research opportunities







